

**ECONOMETRICS
REVIEW QUESTIONS
Generalized least squares**

1. Consider the linear regression model

$$y = X\beta + u \quad (0.1)$$

where y is a $T \times 1$ vector of observations on a dependent variable, X is a $T \times k$ nonstochastic matrix of rank k , and u is a $T \times 1$ vector of disturbances (errors) such that

$$E(u) = 0, \quad (0.2)$$

$$V(u) = \sigma^2 V, \quad (0.3)$$

and V is a known $T \times T$ positive definite matrix.

- Is the least squares estimator of β unbiased for this model? Justify your answer.
 - Derive the best linear unbiased estimator of β for this model. How is this estimator called?
 - Define the “weighted least squares” estimator for this model and explain why this terminology is being used.
 - If u follows a Gaussian distribution, what is the distribution of the “weighted least squares”?
2. Explain what is meant by heterokedastic disturbances in a linear regression and how a best linear unbiased estimator could be computed in such a case.

3. Consider the model

$$y_t = x_t' \beta + u_t, \quad t = 1, \dots, T \quad (0.4)$$

where

$$u_t = \rho u_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t, \quad t = \dots, 0, 1, 2, \dots \quad (0.5)$$

$$|\rho| < 1, \quad (0.6)$$

$\{\varepsilon_t\}_{t=1}^T$ is a sequence of i.i.d. disturbances, (0.7)

$$E(\varepsilon_t) = 0, \quad V(\varepsilon_t) = \sigma^2, \forall t. \quad (0.8)$$

- (a) Explain how the above linear regression could be transformed to make the disturbances i.i.d. (when ρ is unknown).
- (b) Discuss how ρ could be estimated in the above model.
- (c) Discuss how β could be estimated in the above model.